


**PATIENT**

Sunshine Principato

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: Mild wheezes with hacking/coughing when trachea palpated. grade 4-5/6 murmur both sides.

-Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: SDMA 29, ALT 24, TP 38, ALB 17, GLOB 22.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS**

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. Diffuse thickening of mitral valve leaflets with marked prolapse into the left atrial lumen. Marked eccentric mitral regurgitation with marked left atrial dilation. Moderate LV dilation with hyperdynamic myocardial function. The tricuspid valve appears mildly thickened with mild tricuspid regurgitation. TR velocity is normal. Right heart is mildly dilated. The pulmonic and aortic valves are normal in morphology and mobility. Normal pulmonic and aortic outflow velocities. No aortic or pulmonic insufficiency. No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No obvious cardiac tumors observed.

**BREED**

Maltese Mix

**SEX**

Female Spayed

**AGE**

12 years

**CARDIAC CHART**
**WEIGHT**

7.5lbs

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
<b>NORMAL PARAMETER</b>	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
<b>PATIENT</b>	5.2	2.3	2.1	2.5	49	82	0.26
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
<b>NORMAL PARAMETER</b>	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
<b>PATIENT</b>	216	1.9	1.3	3.4	2.4	3.5	1.8
*Normal chamber parameters expressed as a mean value (SD)				3	1.27 (5.3)	2.46 (2.46)	1.36 (5.5)
<b>BODY WEIGHT DEPENDENT PARAMETERS</b>				5	1.40 (4.5)	2.74 (5.2)	1.60 (4.7)
<i>*Note: All measurements based upon multi-modal images and methods. An average value is reported.</i>				10	1.50 (3.8)	3.27 (3.5)	2.06 (3.1)
				15	1.83 (2.0)	3.71 (2.4)	2.43 (2.1)
				20	2.02 (1.9)	4.14 (2.2)	2.80 (2.0)
				25	2.18 (2.4)	4.48 (2.9)	3.10 (2.5)
				30	2.33 (3.3)	4.83 (3.9)	3.39 (3.4)
				35	2.48 (4.3)	5.17 (5.0)	3.69 (4.5)
				40	2.62 (5.2)	5.48 (6.1)	3.96 (5.4)
				50	2.88 (7.1)	6.07 (8.3)	4.46 (7.4)

**INTERPRETED BY**

 Maggie Machen Lamy,  
 DVM DACVIM  
 (Cardiology)

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Reschny, RVT

**HOSPITAL NAME**

 Beattie Pet Hospital  
 Stoney Creek

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Salib

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The murmur is due to chronic degenerative valve disease causing marked mitral and mild tricuspid regurgitation. Significant left atrial and ventricular enlargement indicate the risk for spontaneous congestive heart failure is elevated. Mild pulmonary hypertension is suspected, which is likely secondary to a reported cough and elevated LA pressure. No obvious additional issues are noted.

**INVOICE**

20926

**DATE**

9/8/21

A cough in this patient with severe heart disease is likely multi-factorial in origin, including mainstem bronchi compression and/or potentially some degree of upper or lower airway disease. Early CHF/pulmonary edema should also be considered; however, this is less likely based upon the reported history. Recommend institute cardiac supportive



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medications including a weak diuretic (spironolactone) and advise close monitoring at home for need for Lasix therapy. Pending response, cough suppression (up to q4-6 hours) may also be helpful for mechanical cough. Monitoring of sleeping breathing rates is recommended as the best way to screen for CHF at home.

**SPECIES**

Canine

Omega fatty acid supplementation and mild salt restriction may also be of some long-term benefit. Monitor for development of a worsening cough, labored breathing, exercise intolerance or collapse episodes. Long term prognosis is guarded to poor, with an average survival time of 8-9mo for canine patients with active pulmonary edema on medications, however they generally are able to maintain a good quality of life for that period. Patient will always be at risk for recurrent CHF, development of arrhythmias/LA tear, syncope and/or sudden death in the future.

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**PLAN**

Baseline CXR is recommended. Institute Pimobendan 0.3mg/kg PO q12h. Institute Spironolactone 1-2mg/kg PO q12h. Baseline BP recommended. If >130mmHg, institute ACE-I (benazepril or enalapril) 0.5mg/kg PO q12h. Consider hydrocodone with homatropine for QOL (0.2-0.4mg/kg PO up to q4-6 hours PRN for cough; available in 5/1.5mg tabs and 5mg/5ml liquid suspension).

**WEIGHT**

7.5lbs

A renal panel is recommended in 1-2 weeks, then every 3-4 months lifelong.

A recheck echocardiogram is recommended in 6 months to screen for progression, sooner if clinical signs arise.

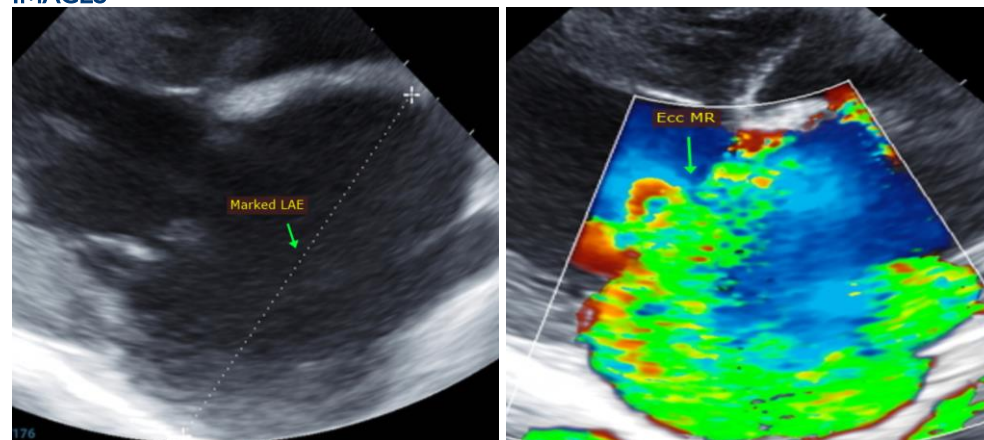
**INTERPRETED BY**

Maggie Machen Lamy,  
DVM DACVIM  
(Cardiology)

**IMAGES**

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Reschny, RVT



**HOSPITAL NAME**

Beattie Pet Hospital  
Stoney Creek

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Salib

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

**INVOICE**

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Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

**DATE**

9/8/21

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